

Latest revision date: 03/02/2021

Version: 1.0

### **United States**

# Safety Data Sheet

General Hydroponics 2877 Giffen Avenue Santa Rosa, California 95407 **United States** 

24 h. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER CHEMTREC (U.S.) 1-800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (International) 1-703-527-3887 Non-Emergency Calls 1-937-644-0011

### PH TEST INDICATOR

### **Section 1. Identification**

PH TEST INDICATOR **GHS** product identifier **Product type** Registration Not Required

SDS# 320000010748

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use only in accordance with label directions.

### Section 2. Hazards identification

This product is regulated by the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) for label precautionary text see Section 15.

**OSHA/HCS** status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

**Hazard statements** Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation.

### **Precautionary statements**

General Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice

is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Date of previous issue: 00/00/0000 Version: Date of issue/Date of revision: 03/02/2021

PH TEST INDICATOR Page:2/11

**Prevention**: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action

to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Response**: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice

or attention.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Disposal**: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements**: None known. **Hazards not otherwise classified**: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture:MixtureChemical name:Not available.Other means of identification:Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Isopropyl alcohol	> 0 - <= 10	67-63-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the

upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical

attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

**Skin contact**: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated

clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash

clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the

exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe.

PH TEST INDICATOR Page: 3/11

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, CO#, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any

personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-

exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-

PH TEST INDICATOR Page: 4/11

fire-fighters

contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel :

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

PH TEST INDICATOR Page: 5/11

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

Exposure limits	
OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)	
<b>TWA</b> 980 mg/m3, 400 ppm	
<b>STEL</b> 1,225 mg/m3, 500 ppm	
OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)	
TWA 980 mg/m3, 400 ppm	
NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)	
TWA 980 mg/m3, 400 ppm	
<b>STEL</b> 1,225 mg/m3, 500 ppm	
ACGIH TLV (2003-01-01)	
<b>TWA</b> , 200 ppm	
STEL, 400 ppm	

**Appropriate engineering controls** 

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end

PH TEST INDICATOR Page:6/11

> of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a

higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### Skin protection

**Eye/face protection** 

**Hand protection** Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved

> standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves

cannot be accurately estimated.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based **Body protection** 

> on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing

should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures

> should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this

Respiratory protection Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that

meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper

fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state Liquid [liquid]

Color Brown.

Odorless. Odor **Odor threshold** Not available.

7 pН

**Melting point** 3.2 °C (37.8 °F)

**Boiling point** 83.8 °C (182.8 °F)

46 °C (115 °F) Flash point

PH TEST INDICATOR Page:7/11

**Evaporation rate** : Not available. **Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available.

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.Density: 1.001 g/cm³Solubility: Not available.Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available.

Kinematic: Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not

pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to

heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition

**products** products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### **Information on toxicological effects**

### **Acute toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Not available.Eyes: Not available.Respiratory: Not available.

### **Sensitization**

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not available.

Respiratory : Not available.

PH TEST INDICATOR Page: 8/11

### **Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Isopropyl alcohol		13	

### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### **Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Isopropyl alcohol			

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of** :

exposure

Not available.

### **Potential chronic health effects**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

General:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Carcinogenicity:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects:No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

PH TEST INDICATOR Page: 9/11

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient

Not available.

(KOC)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers.

### **Section 14. Transport information**

Regulatory

information UN no. Proper shipping name Class PG\* Note

DOT Not Regulated<sup>1</sup>
IATA (C) Not Regulated<sup>1</sup>
IATA (P) Not Regulated<sup>1</sup>
IMDG Not Regulated<sup>1</sup>
TDG Not Regulated<sup>1</sup>

PG\*: Packing group

<sup>1</sup>Sustained Combustibility Analysis (49 CFR Part 173 Appendix H; UN Test Method L.2): the product does not sustain combustion.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

**Precautionary statements** 

Signal word : CAUTION

PH TEST INDICATOR Page: 10/11

**Emergency Overview** 

: Keep out of reach of children.

Causes eye irritation.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating,

drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco.

**U.S. Federal regulations** 

United States inventory (TSCA 8b):

Not determined.

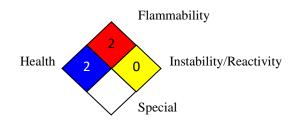
#### **State regulations**

California Prop. 65

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):** 



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### **History**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 03/02/2021

Version : 1.0

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that

PH TEST INDICATOR Page: 11/11

exist.